# MICOTIL 300 - tilmicosin phosphate injection, solution

Elanco Animal Health Co

NADA 140-929, Approved by FDA AH0230

#### **CAUTION:**

Federal (USA) law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

#### **DESCRIPTION:**

Micotil® is a solution of the antibiotic tilmicosin. Each mL contains 300 mg of tilmicosin, USP as tilmicosin phosphate in 25% propylene glycol, phosphoric acid as needed to adjust pH and water for injection, Q.S. Tilmicosin, USP is produced semi-synthetically and is in the macrolide class of antibiotics.

#### INDICATIONS:

Micotil is indicated for the treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD) associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida* and *Histophilus somni* and for the treatment of ovine respiratory disease (ORD) associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*. Micotil is indicated for the control of respiratory disease in cattle at high risk of developing BRD associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*.

#### DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION:

**Inject Subcutaneously in Cattle and Sheep Only. In cattle,** administer a single subcutaneous dose of 10 to 20 mg/kg of body weight (1 to 2 mL/30 kg or 1.5 to 3 mL per 100 lbs). **In sheep** greater than 15 kg, administer a single subcutaneous dose of 10 mg/kg of body weight (1 mL/30 kg or 1.5 mL per 100 lbs).

Do not inject more than 10 mL per injection site.

If no improvement is noted within 48-hours, the diagnosis should be reevaluated.

For cattle and sheep, injection under the skin in the neck is suggested. If not accessible, inject under the skin behind the shoulders and over the ribs.

**Note:** Swelling at the subcutaneous site of injection may be observed.

#### **CONTRAINDICATIONS:**

Do not use in automatically powered syringes. Do not administer intravenously to cattle or sheep. Do not use in lambs less than 15 kg body weight. Intravenous injection in cattle or sheep will be fatal. Do not administer to animals other than cattle or sheep. Injection of this antibiotic has been shown to be fatal in swine and non-human primates, and it may be fatal in horses and goats.

#### Warnings:

Human Warnings: Not for human use. Injection of this drug in humans has been associated with fatalities. Keep out of reach of children. Do not use in automatically powered syringes. Exercise extreme caution to avoid accidental self-injection. In case of human injection, consult a physician immediately and apply ice or cold pack to injection site while avoiding direct contact with the skin. Emergency medical telephone numbers are 1-800-722-0987 or 1-800-428-4441. Avoid contact with eyes.

Note To the Physician: The cardiovascular system is the target of toxicity and should be monitored closely. Cardiovascular toxicity may be due to calcium channel blockade. In dogs, administration of intravenous calcium offset Micotil-induced tachycardia and negative inotropy (decreased contractility). Dobutamine partially offset the negative inotropic effects induced by Micotil in dogs. β-adrenergic antagonists, such as propranolol, exacerbated the negative inotropy of Micotil in dogs.

Epinephrine potentiated lethality of Micotil in pigs. This antibiotic persists in tissues for several days.

Residue Warnings: Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 42 days of the last treatment. Not for use in lactating dairy cattle 20 months of age or older. Use of tilmicosin in this class of cattle may cause milk residues. Not for use in lactating ewes producing milk for human consumption.

For Subcutaneous Use in Cattle and Sheep Only. Do Not Use in Automatically Powered Syringes.

# **PRECAUTIONS:**

Read accompanying literature fully before use. Intramuscular injection will cause a local reaction which may result in trim loss of edible tissue at slaughter. The effects of tilmicosin on bovine and ovine reproductive performance, pregnancy and lactation have not been determined.

#### **ADVERSE REACTIONS:**

The following adverse reactions have been reported post-approval: In cattle: injection site swelling and inflammation, lameness, collapse, anaphylaxis/anaphylactoid reactions, decreased food and water consumption, and death.

In sheep: dyspnea and death.

For a complete listing of adverse reactions for tilmicosin phosphate reported to the CVM see http://www.fda.gov/AnimalVeterinary/SafetyHealth/ProductSafetyInformation/ucm055394.htm

#### **CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY:**

A single subcutaneous injection of Micotil at 10 mg/kg of body weight dose in cattle resulted in peak tilmicosin levels within one hour and detectable levels ( $0.07 \mu g/mL$ ) in serum beyond 3 days. However, lung concentrations of tilmicosin remained above the tilmicosin MIC 95% of  $3.12 \mu g/mL$  for *Mannheimia haemolytica* for at least 3 days following the single injection. Serum tilmicosin levels are a poor indicator of total body tilmicosin. The lung/serum tilmicosin ratio in favor of lung tissue appeared to equilibrate by 3 days post-injection at approximately 60. In a study with radioactive tilmicosin, 24% and 68% of the dose was recovered from urine and feces respectively over 21 days. After a single subcutaneous injection of Micotil at 10 mg/kg of body weight, tilmicosin concentrations in excess of  $4 \mu g/mL$  were maintained in the alveolar macrophages and neutrophils of most cattle for at least 10 days. The clinical relevance of these findings has not been determined.

**Microbiology:** Tilmicosin has an *in vitro* antibacterial spectrum that is predominantly Gram-positive with activity against certain Gram-negative microorganisms. *In vitro* activity against several *Mycoplasma* species has also been observed.

**Effectiveness:** In a multi-location field study, 1508 calves with naturally occurring BRD were treated with Micotil. Responses to treatment were compared to saline-treated controls. A cure was defined as a calf with normal attitude and activity, normal respiration, and a rectal temperature of <104°F on Day 13. The cure rate was significantly higher (P=0.004) in Micotil-treated calves (63.1%) compared to saline-treated calves (29.2%). During the treatment phase of the study, there were 10 BRD-related deaths in the Micotil-treated calves compared to 47 in the saline-treated calves.

**Animal Safety:** A safety study was conducted in feeder calves receiving subcutaneous doses of 20, 30, 40, or 60 mg/kg of body weight, injected 3 times at 72-hour intervals. Death was not seen in any of the treatment groups. Injection site swelling and mild hemorrhage at the injection site were seen in animals in all dosage groups. Lesions were described as being generally more severe and occurred at higher frequency rates in the animals treated with higher doses of tilmicosin. Lameness associated with the injection site was noted in two of twenty-four animals (one animal in the 30 mg/kg body weight treatment group and one animal in the 60 mg/kg treatment group). No other drug related lesions were observed macroscopically or microscopically. Decreases in food and water consumption were noted in all treatment groups compared to the control group.

A separate safety study conducted in feeder calves, subcutaneous doses of 10, 30, or 50 mg/kg of body weight, injected 3 times at 72-hour intervals did not cause any deaths. Edema at the site of injection was noted. The only lesion observed at necropsy was minimal myocardial necrosis in some animals dosed at 50 mg/kg.

In an additional safety study, subcutaneous doses of 150 mg/kg body weight injected at 72-hour intervals resulted in death of two of the four treated animals. Edema was marked at the site of injection. Minimal myocardial necrosis was the only lesion observed at necropsy. Deaths of cattle have been observed with a single intravenous dose of 5 mg/kg of body weight.

In sheep, single subcutaneous injections of 10 mg/kg body weight dose did not cause any deaths and no adverse effects of tilmicosin were observed on blood pressure, heart rate, or respiratory rate.

**Toxicology:** The heart is the target of toxicity in laboratory and domestic animals given Micotil by oral or parenteral routes. The primary cardiac effects are increased heart rate (tachycardia) and decreased contractility (negative inotropy). Cardiovascular toxicity may be due to calcium channel blockade.

Upon subcutaneous injection, the acute median lethal dose of tilmicosin in mice is 97 mg/kg, and in rats is 185 mg/kg of body weight. Given orally, the median lethal dose is 800 mg/kg and 2250 mg/kg body weight in fasted and nonfasted rats, respectively. No compound-related lesions were found at necropsy.

In dogs, intravenous calcium offset Micotil-induced tachycardia and negative inotropy, restoring arterial pulse pressure. Dobutamine partially offset the negative inotropic effects induced by Micotil in dogs. B-adrenergic antagonists, such as propranolol, exacerbated the negative inotropy of Micotil in dogs.

In monkeys, a single intramuscular dose of 10 mg/kg body weight caused no signs of toxicity. A single dose of 20 mg/kg body weight caused vomiting and 30 mg/kg body weight caused the death of the only monkey tested.

In swine, intramuscular injection of 10 mg/kg body weight caused increased respiration, emesis, and a convulsion, 20 mg/kg body weight resulted in mortality in 3 of 4 pigs, and 30 mg/kg body weight caused the death of all 4 pigs tested. Injection of 4.5 and 5.6 mg/kg body weight intravenously followed by epinephrine, 1mL (1:1000) intravenously 2 to 6 times, resulted in death of all pigs injected. Pigs given 4.5 mg/kg and 5.6 mg/kg body weight intravenously with no epinephrine all survived. These results suggest intravenous epinephrine may be contraindicated.

Results of genetic toxicology studies were all negative. Results of teratology and reproduction studies in rats were negative. The no effect level in dogs after daily oral doses for up to one year is 4 mg/kg of body weight.

**Storage Conditions:** Store at or below 86°F (30°C). Protect from direct sunlight.

#### **HOW SUPPLIED:**

Micotil is supplied in 100 mL and 250 mL multi-dose amber glass bottles.

Elanco®, Micotil® and the diagonal bar are trademarks of Eli Lilly and Company.

Manufactured for:

PA9980DEAMX

Elanco Animal Health A Division of Eli Lilly and Company Indianapolis, IN 46285, USA Revised JANUARY 2010 *Micotil*® 300 AH0230

# SAFE HANDLING PRACTICES WHEN USING

# MICOTIL® 300 TILMICOSIN INJECTION, USP

Please read this information before you start using Micotil. This information is a summary and is not intended to take the place of discussions with your veterinarian. Micotil can only be prescribed by a licensed veterinarian who has information specific to your operation. You should discuss with your veterinarian how to use Micotil, human warnings associated with the product and recommended safe handling and use practices. For emergency medical information call 1-800-722-0987 or 1-800-428-4441. If you have any questions about Micotil, talk with your veterinarian or call Elanco at 1-800-428-4441. To report an adverse drug event contact Elanco at 1-800-428-4441.

#### 1. WHAT ARE THE POSSIBLE EFFECTS OF ACCIDENTAL HUMAN INJECTION?

Human injections of Micotil have been associated with fatalities. Clinical signs from human exposure include off taste in the mouth, nausea, headache, dizziness, rapid heart rate, chest pain, anxiety or lightheadedness. Local reactions such as injection site pain, bleeding, swelling or inflammation have been reported.

# 2. WHAT SHOULD I DO IN THE CASE OF ACCIDENTAL HUMAN INJECTION?

- Immediately seek medical attention.
- Apply ice or cold pack to injection site, while avoiding direct contact with the skin, and transport immediately to a hospital.
- Call 1-800-722-0987 or 1-800-428-4441 for further emergency information.

#### 3. WHAT SHOULD MY PHYSICIAN KNOW IN THE CASE OF ACCIDENTAL HUMAN INJECTION?

- The cardiovascular system is the target of toxicity and should be monitored closely.
- Cardiovascular toxicity may be due to calcium channel blockade.
- Intravenous calcium administration reversed the cardiovascular effects of Micotil in dogs and may provide benefit in patients exhibiting low blood pressure (hypotension) or rapid heart rate (tachycardia).
- Dobutamine improved some of the cardiac function in dogs given Micotil.
- Epinephrine increased the toxicity of Micotil in pigs, resulting in death.
- Propranolol (a beta-adrenergicantagonist), further decreased cardiac function in dogs given Micotil.
- The active ingredient in Micotil is tilmicosin phosphate and persists in tissue for several days.
- Call 1-800-722-0987 or 1-800-428-4441 for further emergency information.

### 4. WHAT ARE THE PROPER WAYS TO HANDLE AND STORE MICOTIL?

- Store at or below 86°F (30°C), out of direct sunlight, in a safe location, not easily accessible to the general public.
- Read, understand and follow all label use directions.
- Keep the needle capped until ready to use.
- Never carry a loaded syringe with an attached needle in pocket or clothing.
- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

# 5. WHAT ARE THE PROPER METHODS FOR ADMINISTERING MICOTIL?

- Properly restrain animals prior to administration.
- Work in a team, or if alone, advise someone of your location and how long you plan to be there.
- For subcutaneous use. Do not use in automatically powered syringes.
- Use a 1/2-inch to 5/8-inch, 18- to 16-gauge needle.
- With a single hand on the syringe, insert the needle subcutaneously, at a top-down angle, while avoiding penetration of underlying muscle.
- For cattle and sheep, injection under the skin in the neck is suggested. If not accessible, inject under the skin behind the shoulders and over the ribs.
- Administer a single subcutaneous dose of 1.5 mL to 3.0 mL of Micotil per 100 lbs of body weight, in either of the two areas noted in the adjacent drawing.



- For beef cattle, Beef Quality Assurance recommends injection site 1, unless this site is inaccessible or places the operator in a potentially dangerous situation.
- Ensure proper disposal of sharp needles and syringes.
- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after administration.
- Do not administer intravenously (IV) as IV administration will be fatal.
- Intramuscular injection will cause a local reaction, which may result in trim loss.
- Do not inject more than 10 mL per injection site.
- Do not use in lambs less than 15 kg body weight.

Issued January, 2010

# **Elanco Animal Health**

• A Division of Eli Lilly and Company, Indianapolis, IN 46285, USA

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# PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 100 ML BOTTLE LABEL

Elanco® AH230-82X

For use in Cattle and Sheep Only

Micotil® 300

Tilmicosin Injection, USP

300 mg tilmicosin, USP as tilmicosin phosphate per mL

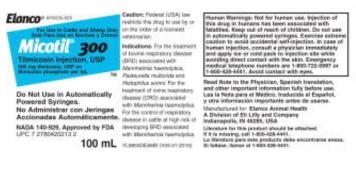
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# Do Not Use in Automatically Powered Syringes NADA 140-929, Approved by FDA

UPC 7 2780420213



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Advertencias Para El Ser Humano: Este producto no es para uso humano. La inyección de este medicamento al ser humano se ha asociado con muertes. Mantenga fuera del alcance de los niños No use en jeringas operadas automáticamente. Proceda con extrema cautela para evitar la autoinyección accidental. En caso de inyección a un ser humano, consulte a un médico immediatamente y aplique hielo o una bolas de hielo sobre el atilo de la inyección, evitando el contacto directo con la piet. Los números de teléfono para emergencias médicas son 1-800-722-0987 ó 1-800-428-4441. Evite el contacto con los ojos.

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To report adverse effects, access medical information, or obtain additional product information, call 1-800-428-4441.

# PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 100 ML CARTON LABEL

Elanco® AH0230-82X

For use in Cattle and Sheep Only

Micotil® 300

**Tilmicosin Injection, USP** 

300 mg tilmicosin, USP as tilmicosin phosphate per mL

# Do Not Use in Automatically Powered Syringes

Exp. Date 107

Caution: Federal (USA) law restricts the drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

Description: Micotil® is a solution of the antibiotic Tilmicosin. Each mL contains 300 mg of tilmicosin, USP as tilmicosin phosphate in 25% propylene glycol, phosphoric acid as needed to adjust pH and water for injection, Q.S. Tilmicosin, USP is produced semisynthetically and is in the macrolide class of antibiotics.

NADA 1 40-929 Approved by FDA UPC 7 27804 202132 100 mL

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Note To The Physician: The cardiovascular system is the target of toxicity and should be monitored closely. Cardiovescular toxic may be due to calcium channel blockade. In dogs, administration of intravenous calcium offset Micotli-induced tachycerdia and negative inchropy (decreased contractility). Dobutamine partially offset the negative instropic effects induced by Micotli in dogs. β-edrenergic antagonists, such as propranoial, exacerbated the negative instropy of Micotil in dogs. Epinephrine potentiated lethality of Micotil in pigs. This antibiotic persists in tissues for several days.

Advertencias Para El Ser Humano: neveranceae sea ai ser risanese.
Esté preducto no es para vise humano.
La inyección de este medicamento al ser humano se ha aseciado con muertes.
Manterga fuera del alcance de los niños.
No use en jeringas operadas subornáticamente.
Procede con entreme osundo para entra ria subolnyección accidental. En caso de inyección a un ser humano, consulte a un médico a un ser namano, consuste a un mecoci immediatamente y aplique hielo o una bolisa de hielo sobre el oltio de la Inyección, evitando el contacte directo con la piet. Los números de talifono para semergencias médicas aon 1-800-722-9887 o 1-800-428-8411, Evite el confecto con los ajos.

Manufactured for Elanco Animal Health A Division of Eli Lify and Company Indianapolis, IN 46285, USA Elancoth, Micotifth and the diagonal bar are trademarks of Eli Lilly and Company. To report adverse effects, access medical information, or obtain additional product information, call 1-800-429-4441

Note Pare III Médico: III sisteme cardiovescular es el bisnoo de la toxicidad y debe vigillane estrechamente. La toxicidad cardiovescular puede debarre al bioqueo de los canales de calcie. En los perce, la administración intrasences de calcie compensé la laquicarda y los efectos inotrágicos regulatos (reducción de la contractilidad) inducidos por Microsi. inducidos por Microti. La dobutamina compensó paccialmente los efecto inotópicos negativos inducidos por fillicotil en perros. Los antagonistas (I-advenérgicos, como peopranoliol, ecacerbaros el inotropismo negativo de Micotil en los perros. La epinetrina potenció la letalidad de Micotil en cerdos. Este artibidisco

Contraindications: Do not use in automatically gowered syringes. Do not administer intraveno govered dyninges, till not administer intravenuary to cuttle or sheep, intravenuar sivjection in cuttle or sheep will be fatal. Do not use in lambs less than 15 kg body weight. Do not deminister to similar defer than cuttle or sheep, kipction of this artibiotic has been shown to be tatal in swell and not human primates, and it may be fatal in horses and gears.

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Residue Warnings: Animals intended for reeduce transmigs, Asimus intended to flustration consumption must not be slaughtaned within 45 days of the last trauterent. Not for use in lactating distry catille 20 months of age or elder. Use of tilmicosis in this class of catile may cause milk residues, Not for use in lactating evers producing milk for human consumption.

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Storage Conditions: Store at or below 86°F (30°C). Protect from direct surfager.

Conserver at 80°F (30°C).

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Do Not Use in Automatically Powered Syringes. No Administrar con Jeringas Accionadas Automáticamente.

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NADA 140-929 Approved by FDA 100 mL

respiratory disease (BRD) associated with Mannheima harmolytica, Pasteurella multicida and Histophilus somoi. For the treatment of ovine respiratory disease (OPID) associated with Marinhaimia haemolytica. For the control of respiratory disease in calife at high risk of developing BRD associated with Mannhaima hasmolytics

Dosage and Administration: Inject Subcutaneously in Cattle and Sheep Only. In cattle, administer a single subcutaneous door of 10 to 20 mg/kg body weight (1 to 2 mL/00 kg or 1.5 to 3 mL per 100 lbs). In wheep grister than 15 kg, administer a single subcutaneous dose of 10 mg/kg of body weight (1 mL/30 kg or 1.5 mL per 100 lbs). Do not inject more than 10 mL per injection site. If no improvement is noted within 46-hours, the diagnosis should be reevaluated. For cattle and sheep, injection under the skin in the neck is suggested. If not accessible, inject under the skin behind the shoulders and over the ribs

Note: Swelling at the suboutaneous site of injection may be observed

Human Warnings: Not for human use, injection of this drug in humans has been associated with fatalities. Keep out of reach of children. Do not use in automatically powered syringes. Exercise extreme caution to avoid accidental self-injection. In case of human injection, consult a physician immediately and apply los or cold pack to injection site while avoiding direct contact with the skin. Emergency medical telephone numbers are 1-800-722-0667 or 1-900-429-4441. Avoid contact with eyes





# PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 250 ML BOTTLE LABEL

Elanco® AH0230-38W

For use in Cattle and Sheep Only

Micotil® 300

Tilmicosin Injection, USP

300 mg tilmicosin, USP as tilmicosin phosphate per mL

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# **Do Not Use in Automatically Powered Syringes**

Caution: Federal (USA) law restricts the drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

**Description:** Micotil® is a solution of the antibiotic Tilmicosin. Each mL contains 300 mg of tilmicosin, USP as tilmicosin phosphate in 25% propylene glycol, phosphoric acid as needed to adjust pH and water for injection, Q.S. Tilmicosin, USP is produced semi-synthetically and is in the macrolide class of antibiotics.

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# NADA 1 40-929, Approved by FDA

# UPC 7 27804 202132 250 mL

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